Tonality Chart. Spring, 3rd Movement - Answers

*Bars	1 - 12	12 - 21	22 - 34	34 - 58	58 - 71	71 - 79	79 - 89
Section	Ritornello 1	Episode 1	Ritornello 2	Episode 2	Ritornello 3	Episode 3	Ritornello 4
Texture	Tutti	Solo Violin + Continuo	Tutti	Solo violin, 1st violin, Continuo; from b.48, all vIns only; + Vc (b.53)	Tutti	Solo Violin, one cello	Tutti
Tonality Clues:							
✤ Pitches	E F#G#A BC#D [#]	E F♯G♯A B C♯D♯	E F# G# A B C# D#	E F♯ G♯ A B C♯ D♯∕	E F# G A B C D (b.61+)	E F# G A B C D	E F# G# A B C [#] D [#]
 Extra Accidentals 		then Di, A [#] B [#]	B# from bb. 22- 28 A# from b. 29	G‡, D‡ (bars 37-9) A# (bars 53-57)	D# , C# ,G#	C# , D# F1, A [#]	
Pedals	E +B, B, E	short - C# (bb.21-22)	C# +G# (bb.22-25)	E - bb.43-48 F♯ (bb. 53-57)	E (bb.58-60)	В	E (bb. 79-81)
* Cadence Points		Perfect G# - C# (bb.21-22)	Perfect F [#] -B b. 34	Perfect B-E (bb.39-40) Perfect F [#] -B (bar 57)	Perfect B-Em (b.61)	Perfect B-E (b.79)	Perfect B-E bar 86 and bars 88-89
Other Clues	1st chord = E major				Key signature change, (b.61)	Key signature change (b.79)	
Tonality Conclusion	E major	Transitory - Ends in C# minor	Begins in C# minor, ends in B	Begins and ends in B, returns to E in the middle (b.40)	Begins in E, changes to Em (b.61), then transitory (E, Em)	E maj/min	E major
Relationship to tonic	Tonic	Relative minor	Relative Minor, Dominant	Dominant (Tonic - Dominant)	Tonic, Tonic Minor	Tonic/Tonic minor	Tonic
Other Comments		Sequence hinting at A major (b.15), B major (b.16),		Sequence hinting at E, A and D (bb.35-39) The F♯ pedal is a dominant pedal of B	From b. 64 a sequence using both Gt and Gt and chromatic motives	This section is a decorated dominant pedal	
		C# minor (b.17)		В	in the bass		